Brookhaven National Laboratory

High Energy Physics Program Physics Beyond the Standard Model

Michael J. Murtagh HEPAP Meeting Gaithersburg, Md March 26, 2001



Outline

- Theory
- AGS Experiments
 - Present Experiments
 - E821 Muon (g-2)
 - E787/E949 (K⁺ → π⁺νν)
 - Planned (NSF MRE proposal RSVP)
 - − KOPIO ($K^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \nu$)
 - MECO ($\mu \rightarrow e$ conversion)
- Fermilab
 - D0 (ppbar collider)
 - MINOS (Long Baseline Neutrino Experiment)



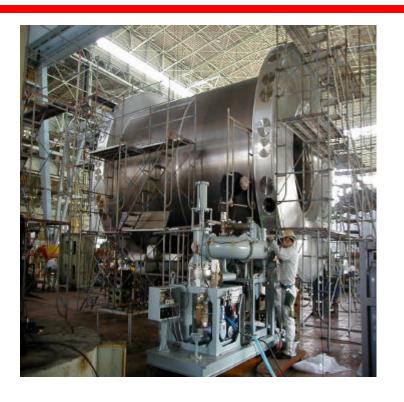
Outline

CERN

- LHC Accelerator
- ATLAS Detector Project
 - ATLAS Project Office
 - Cryostat/Cryogenics
 - Liquid Argon Calorimeter
 - Muon System (Forward Muon System)
- ATLAS Computing
- ATLAS Research Project Maintenance, Operations and Upgrades
- Advanced Accelerator R&D
 - Muon Collider R&D
 - Target Experiment AGS E951
 - Muon Storage Ring Neutrino Beam
 - Site Specific Study II (Brookhaven Site)



ATLAS

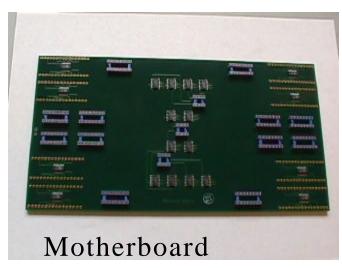


Cryostat

Signal Feedthrough



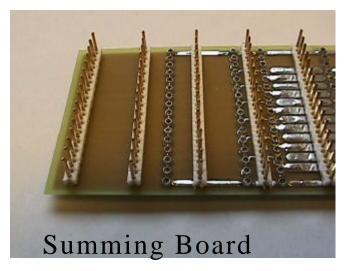
ATLAS Calorimeter Electronics



Test Station



Brookhaven Science Associates U.S. Department of Energy





Crate Mock up



RHIC Computing Facility (RCF) + ATLAS Tier I



RCF/ATLAS Processing Farm





AGS Experiments (Muon g-2)

Experiments require very high rate low energy Kaon or muon beams often in dedicated modes

- AGS E821 Precision Measurement of Muon (g-2)
 - High discovery Potential
- Boston, BNL, Cornell, Fairfield, Heidelberg, Illinois, Minnesota, Novosibirsk, Sci. Univ. Tokyo, KEK, Yale
- Goal is a measurement of the anomalous magnetic moment of the muon at the 0.35ppm level (systematic errors are in hand)
 - a factor of 20 improvement over CERN experiment
 - sensitive to new physics (e.g. SUSY)
- Major Construction
 - Beam line, Construction of Muon (g-2) ring
 - Large (14m dia), high precision (< 1ppm) super conducting magnet
 - Detectors and magnet measuring system



The (g-2) ring





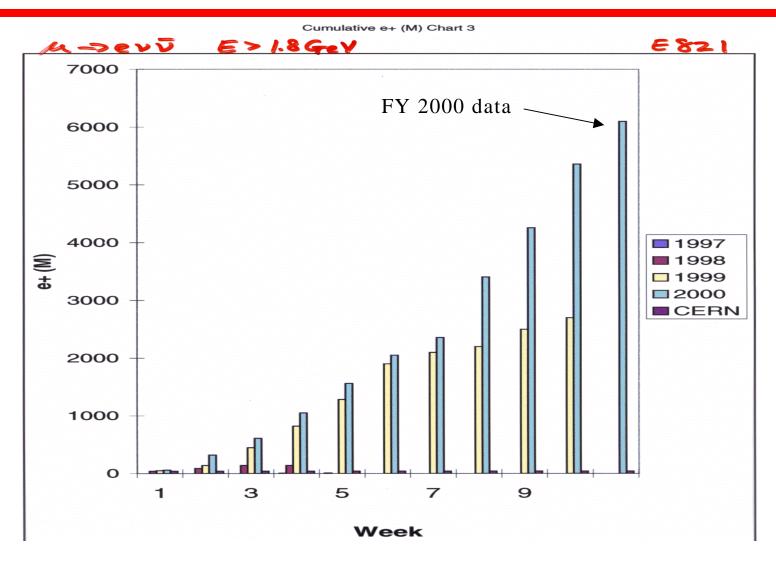
Muon (g-2) Measurement

Progress

- FY 97
 - Pion injection, engineering/physics run
 - $10^7 \,\mu^+$ decays recorded ($da_{\mu}/a_{\mu} = 13 \,\mathrm{ppm}$) R. Carey et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 82 (1999)
- FY 98
 - Muon injection, engineering/physics run
 - $10^8 \,\mu^+$ decays recorded ($da_{\mu}/a_{\mu} = 5 \,\mathrm{ppm}$) D. Brown. et. al. Phys. Rev D, 091101 (2000)
- FY 99, FY 00
 - FY 99, 2 $10^9~\mu^+$ decays recorded ($da_{\mu}/a_{\mu}=1.3ppm$) D. Brown et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 86, 2227 (2001)
 - FY 00, 7 10° μ^+ decays recorded (da $_{\mu}/a_{\mu}=0.7$ ppm)
- FY 01 Switched to μ⁻ running
 - Goal for FY 01 is 4 10⁹ μ⁻ (15 week run scheduled)
- FY 02 Requesting 15 week run
 - Final goal is comparable errors on μ^- and μ^+

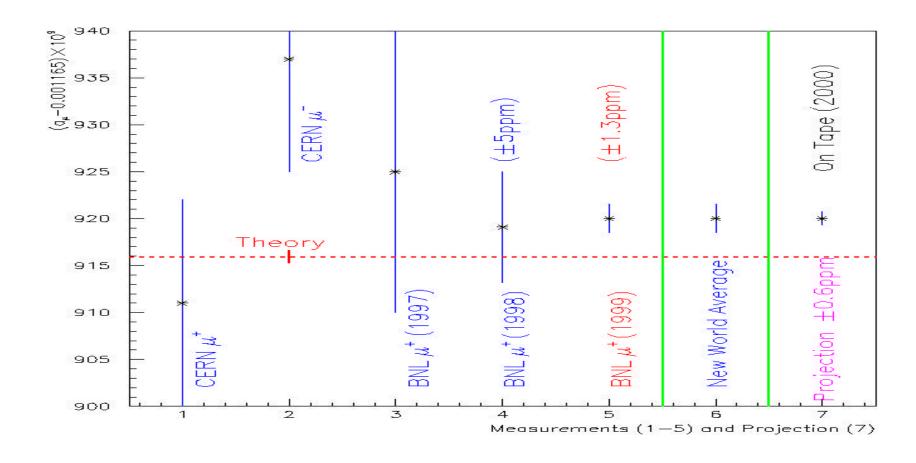


(g-2) Data Collection



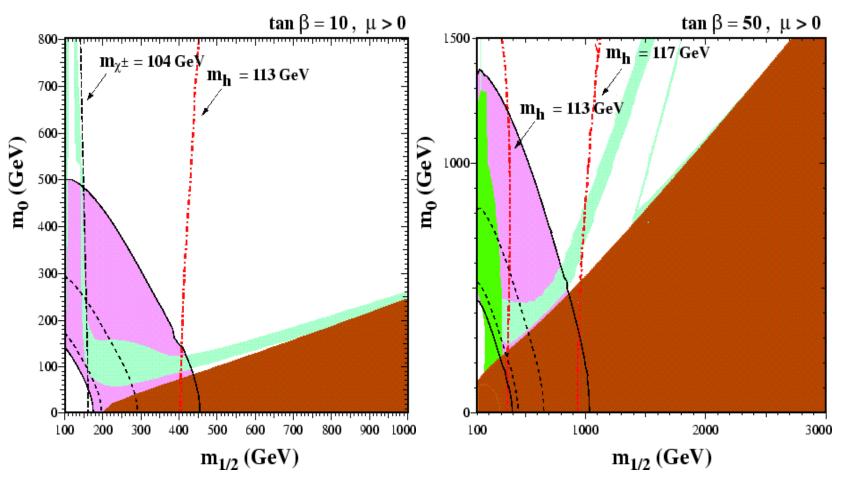


Muon (g-2) results





(g-2) constraints on SUSY models



■ Ellis, Nanopoulos, Olive, hep-ph/0102331

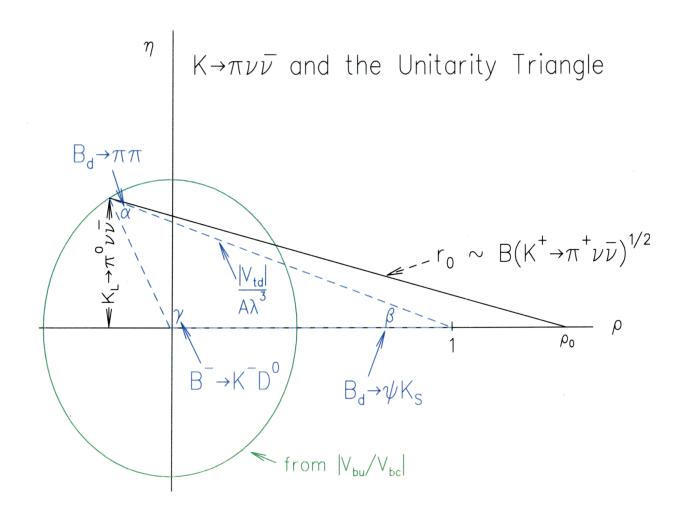


AGS Experiments Rare Kaon Decays

- AGS E787 Search for $K^+ \to \pi^+ \nu \nu$ BNL, Fukui, KEK, Osaka, Princeton, TRIUMF Decay is allowed in the Standard Model (V_{td})
- Experiment is searching for other rare decays
- Status
 - Data taking started in 1988, completed in 1998
 - Major upgrade completed for FY 95 running
 - 1988 1995 data (1 K⁺ $\rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$ event observed) - PRL 79, 2204 (1997)
 - 1995-97 data (no new event observed)
 - PRL 84, 3768 (2000)
 - 1998 data equal in sensitivity to previous total data
 - Final result from all data is imminent



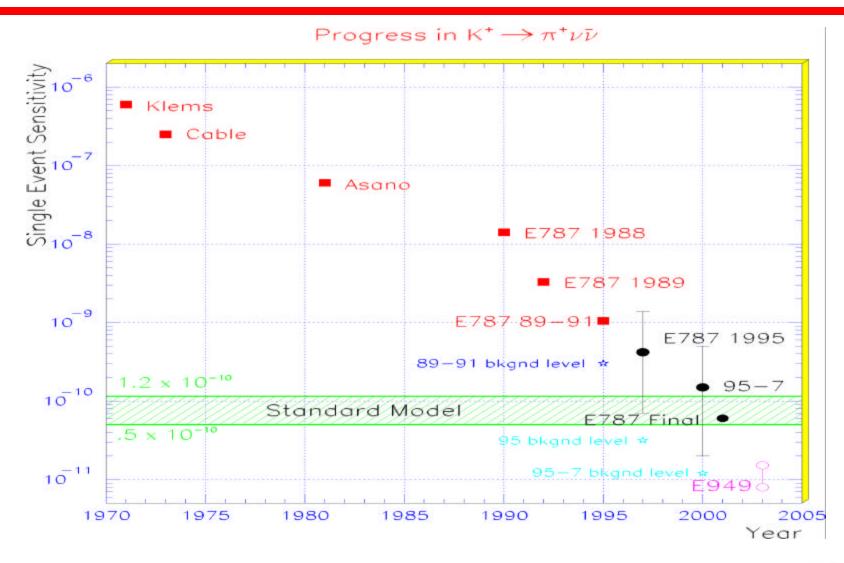
Unitarity Triangle







Summary of E787 Results

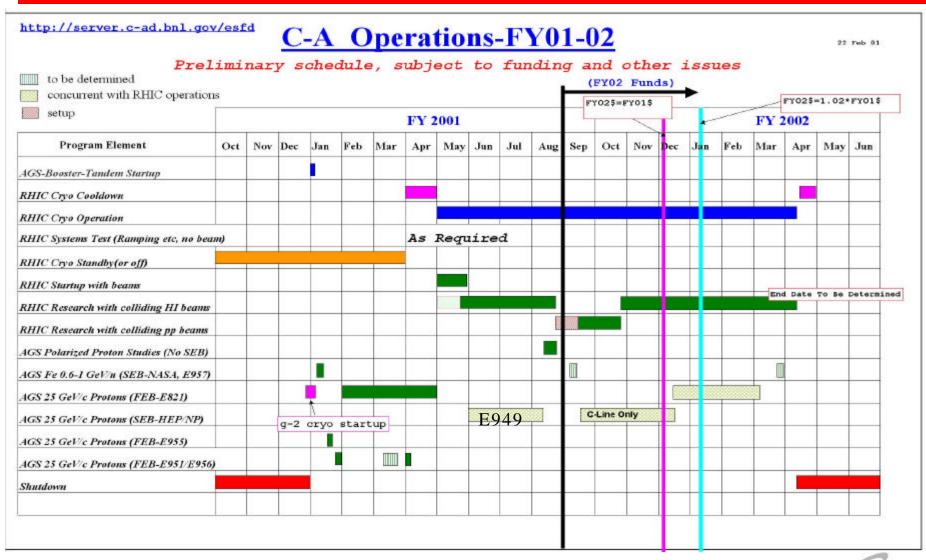




Rare Kaon Decays

- AGS E949 Measurement of $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$
 - 20% V_{td} measurement (~ 10 events if Standard Model correct)
 - Discovery potential (present data consistent with 50 events)
- Expanded collaboration including Fermilab
 - Alberta, BNL, FNAL, Fukui, IHEP, INR-Moscow, KEK, Kyoto, New Mexico, Osaka, TRIUMF, Yeshiva
- E787 detector with modest improvements
 - Optimized running conditions
 - Larger Duty Factor, Lower momentum beam (more stopped Ks)
 - Deadtime reduction, more on-line processing
 - Better photon vetoing, Improved trigger, DAQ, running efficiency
 - Status
 - Upgrade almost completed
 - First data run 2001, data taking in 2002, 2003 (60 weeks total)
- Fermilab CKM experiment $(K^+ \to \pi^+ \nu \nu) \sim 80$ events
 - Brookhaven is a collaborator







NSF MRE Proposal

- RSVP (Rare Symmetry Violating Processes)
 - KOPIO $(K_1^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \nu)$
 - MECO ($\mu \rightarrow e$ conversion; lepton number violation)
- Status
 - Selected by NSF as a Major Research Equipment (MRE) initiative for FY 2002
 - Technical Design Review scheduled for Spring FY 2001
 - R&D funding provided in FY 2001
 - Awaiting budget decisions



RSVP - KOPIO

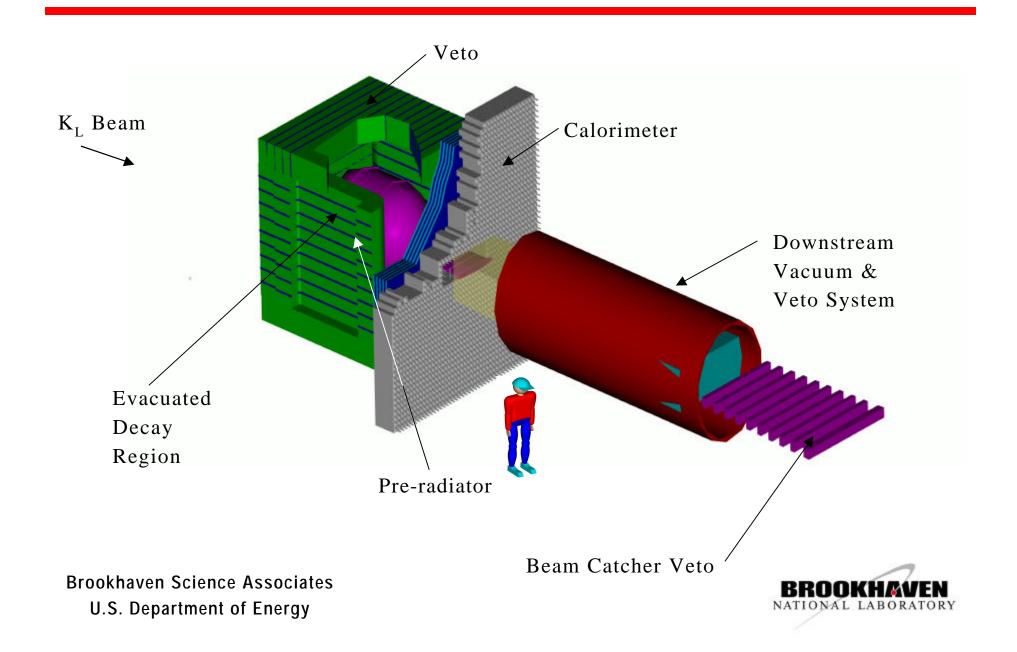
- **MOPIO** $(K^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \nu)$
 - BNL, Cinncinnati, INR Moscow, Kyoto, VPI, New Mexico, TJLAB, TRIUMF, U. Va, Yale, Zurich

Spokespersons (D. Bryman, L. Littenberg, M. Zeller

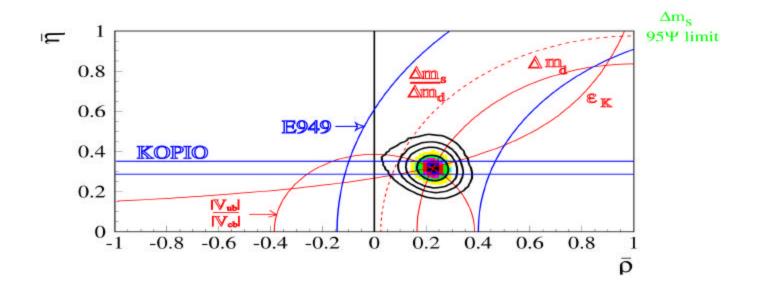
- Measurement of direct CP violation
 - Goal is 70 events (10% measurement of η)
- Requirements
 - High Flux (4 10⁷ K⁰ per spill)
 - Low energy, bunched beam provides kinematic constraints on final state
 - Excellent background rejection (equivalent to E 787)
- Plans
 - Technical review Spring 2001
 - 3-4 years of construction
 - 90 weeks of running to reach initial goal



KOPIO



E949 and KOPIO Constraints



Ciuchini et. al. Hep-ph/0012308

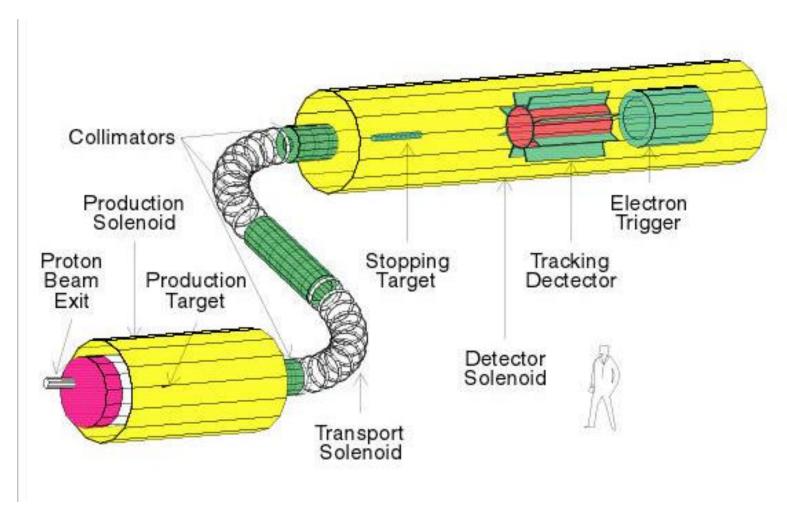


RSVP - MECO

- MECO ($\mu \rightarrow e$ conversion)
 - High Discovery Potential
 - BNL, Boston, Irvine, Houston, INR-Moscow, NYU, Penn, Perdue, Wm&Mary
 - Spokesperson W. Molzon
 - Search for lepton number violation
 - Goal of experiment is to reach below 10⁻¹⁶
 - Improvement of $\sim 10^4$ over present limits
 - Requirements
 - high intensity muon beam
 - bunched beam with clean interbunch region
 - Plans
 - Technical review Spring 2001
 - 4-5 year construction project
 - 40 weeks of running to reach initial goal



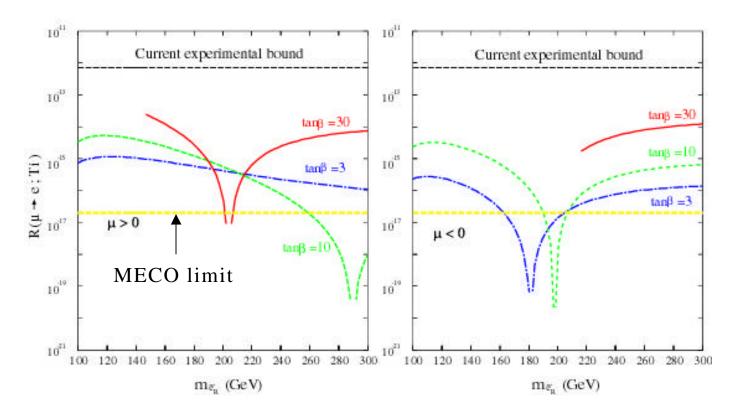
MECO Experiment





MECO

SUSY GUTS induce µ → e conversion at level -



Hisano et. al. Phys. Lett B391, 341 (1997), hep-ph/96052965



Fermilab – D0

- Brookhaven Role in D0
- BNL was a founding member of D0
 - Design/Construction of Central Calorimeter (U/LAr)
 - Management of on-line/off-line computing effort
 - Co-leader of the top analysis effort; major role in W mass measurement
- Present role in Run 2
 - J. Kotcher, Associate Project Manager Installation and Commissioning
 - Lead responsibility for Forward Preshower Detector
 - Co-leader off line software group
 - Major role in DAQ software
 - Contribution to Forward Proton Detector; Muon system commissioning



Fermilab-D0 Forward Preshower









Fermilab - MINOS

- MINOS (Long Baseline Neutrino Oscillations)
 - Brookhaven Role
 - Leading study of sensitivity for $\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{e}$ oscillations
 - Impact on beam design
 - Members of beam monitoring working group
 - Detector tests at Brookhaven Accelerator Test Facility (ATF)
 - Software development especially graphic displays



Summary and Conclusions

- Brookhaven High Energy Physics program
 - Strong and Diverse program
 - Well focused on key aspects of national program
 - Senior leadership positions in almost all activities
 - Innovative scientific and technical contributions
 - High discovery potential
 - AGS program
 - E821 (g-2), E787/E949 ($K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$)
 - NSF MRE RSVP (KOPIO, MECO)
 - Fermilab
 - D0
 - MINOS
 - ATLAS
 - Muon Collider/Neutrino Storage Ring R&D
 - Theory

